SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

Caught,

ngress.

her West,

on Halted,

Morals.

1 p. m..... 33 2 p. m..... 33

3 p. m..... 35 4 p. m..... 36

5 p. m..... 35

7 p. m..... 34

6 p. m..... 35

ogs.

Veek.

Hour.

A telegram received at the office of the

Omaha's Show.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 14 .- (Special Tel-

egram.)-The Kansas State Board of Agricul-

ture, in session at Topeka this afternoon,

unanimously adopted strong resolutions en-

dorsing the plan for adequate Kansas rep-

tion and pledging the support of the board

tion in which every state in the transmis-

The board is without funds to prosecute

but it is confidently believed that, without

tion and raised an abundance of money for

the four daily newspapers, left Kaneas

City at 9:15 p. m. over the Burlington for

Omaha, to meet with others from St. Louis

and other portions of the state, all to con-

sider the proposition that Missouri erect a

building at the Transmississippi Exposition.

a state building, and in any case will study

the desirability and the possibility of mak-

STILL FIGHTING AT COLUMBUS.

Kurtz Says They Can't Remove Him

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 14.-C. L. Kurtz,

eader of "the combine" in the fight against

"I was elected by the Ohio delegation and

Senator Hanna, is quoted in an interview as

from the republican national committee:

no one else has the power to remove me.

was elected to the legislature as a Foraker

Mr. Daugherty, in an interview tonight,

denies that he promised to vote for Mr.

FOUR OF THE MINERS ARE RESCUED.

Fifth Man Dies from Effects of Pow-

ANACONDA, Mont., Jan. 14 .- At moon to-

day, after forty hours' of imprisonment and

anxiety, four of the five men who were in

near its entrence as the result of a dyna-

mite explosion, crawled through a hastly

constructed exit into the light of day. A

temporary tunnel had been made through

the debris. Jack McLeod, one of the five im-

prisoned men, had died several hours before

from the effects of the powder fumes, which

troubled all of them for about twelve hours.

STEAL FROM LETTER BOXES.

Organized Gang at Work in All the Larger Cities.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.-The banks of this

city were notified today that a large number

of checks had been stolen from letter boxes

in Detroit, Buffalo, Minneapolis, St. Paul,

Toledo, Cieveland, Kansas City and Milwau-

kee by an organized gang of thieves, some

of the checks baying been raised and altered

by means of acids. In governl instances the

thieves have been successful in getting the

SEVEN CAUGHT BY FALLING WALLS

All Are Injured, and Two Probably

BALTIMORE, Jan. 14.—The walls of two

street, near the York road, fell in this after-

noon and seven men were injured, two prob-

ably fatally. The following is a list of the

Burns, William Adams, William H. Monta-

gue, William A. Forsythe, William A. Wide-

At Moville-Arrived-Anchoria, from New York for Glasgow, Sailed-Ethiopia, for New York-Arrived-Werkendam, from At New York-Arrived-Werkendam, from Amsterdam; Britannic, from Liverpool, At Boulogne-Sailed-Rotterdam, for New York

checks canbed.

he tunnel near this city which caved in

man and then voted for Sherman."

from the Committee.

CUBAN SCARE OVER

Little Anxiety Manifested by Officials at Washington.

DE LOME SAYS ALL IS QUIET IN HAVANA

No Apprehension of Another Outbreak is Habored by Authorities.

TUMULT IN STREETS FOLLOWED BY CALM

Manufacturers and Financiers Somewhat Excited by Rioting.

AFRAID THEIR INTERESTS WILL SUFFER

McKinley and the Cabinet Meet and Discuss the Situation-Cruise of the Squadron Has No Relation to Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.-The Cuban scare had subsided entirely today and little intercircles. President McKinley was unusually sentative Grosvenor of Ohio and Senator but none of these visitors discussed foreign affairs with Mr. McKinley.

A perfect calm prevails in Havana, according to the dispatches received by Senator de Lome, the Spanish minister, last night was filed at 1 o'clock this morning by Secretumult has not been continued. The calm is preserved throughout the city. I believe the normal condition will be perfectly established. Fortunately, there is not a single casualty that we have to regret."

Aside from this dispatch the minister has received a number of minor dispatches, all indicating an absence of disturbance and that no apprehension is felt by the authorities. He has given directions that every development be communicated to him and, in view of this fact, denied a feport that there was any outbreak yesterday, saying any such outbreak would be communicated to him and that the report doubtless arose from a delayed cablegram based on the outbreak previously reported or else that there was some minor disturbance of such a trivial character that it did not get to the attention of the official heads of the Cuban government.

Regarding reports that the risting in Havana had caused apprehension among manufacturers, financiers and others, that busiwired the president askng him to withhold the gending of war ships to Cuban waters and to use his influence to prevent inflammatory speeches in congress, it can be stated at the White House

Later in the day Senor de Lome received a cablegram dated Havana, 10 a, m., saying that tranquility prevailed at that hour and that no further trouble was expected.

SITUATION STILL FEVERISH. Assistant Secretary Day came over to the White House from the State department be fore the cabinet meeting and left a telegram that had been received from Consul General Lec. It was sent from Havana during the middle hours of the night and while it re ported the existence there of much excitement and chronicled the attacks on the news papers in continuation of the day before and the participation of some soldiers in the demonstrations, it was said to convey an assurance of peace and quiet

When the cabinet met at 11 o'clock this dispatch formed the basis of a short dis cussion. The members of the cabinet professed to feel satisfied with the situation The senate resolution calling for information as to what had been done by the president to safeguard American interests in newspapers of cable dispatches without pre-Havana during the period of the rioting was vious censorship and without twelve hours received from the State department and was notice of their receipt. In addition, in future, also briefly talked over with a view to the postoffice here will detain cational and

The main subject under consideration b fore the cabinet, it is declared, was the prospects of the Hawalian annexation treaty, gathering in groups of more than four per-

The North Atlantic squadron which has been gathering at Hampton roads is to sail southward tomorrow. Lest there should be a misunderstanding of the purpose of the cruise, which has already been described in the orders as one of evolution and drill planned many months ago, the orders under which the vessels will proceed have been made public, and taken in connection with the department's orders to Admiral Sicard, the Navy department says, show that the squadron's movements have no reference to

SAILING ORDERS.

These orders are made by Admirol Sleard and are issued in identical form to the commanders of the various ships making up the squadron. They are dated at Fort Monroe, January 11, on board the flagship New York, and begin as follows:

Sir: The squadron is to be prepared sail from Hampton Roads, weather and con circumstances permitting, with steam for ten knots, at 10 a, m, on Satur day, January 15, for the vicinity of the Dry Tortugas, off the coast of Florida, Vessels will unmoor in the morning watch signal is made to the contrary, Squadron under salling orders at 8 a, m

The order of ships will be: First division New York, Iowa, making the first section Massachusetts, Indiana, making the second Second division, Texas, first section. The Fern will proceed singly to Key West unless otherwise directed

The New York Iowa and Indiana will proceed from Hampton Reads to the first sea rendezvous off Carrituck, North Carolina, latitude 6.30 N., longitude 75.26 W., in about fifteen fathoms the lighthouse bearing W. 16 W., distant twenty-five miles, and will remain in that weather permitting, until noon Sunday, the 16th. They will then proceed to a second rendezvous off Cape Fear, North Carolina. in eighteen fathoms of water, Frying Pan shoal light bearing north, distant about nineteen miles, and remain in that vicinity until about 6 p. m. Tuesday, January 18 when they will proceed to Dry Tortugas, communicating possibly by some light draft vessel with Key West in passing that

It is expected that the Massachsetts will leave the navy yard on Friday, the 14th Inst., and the Texas on Saturday, the 15th inst. The Massachusetts will endeavor to senzyous, and if that is missed then on the tee.

Cape Fear rendezvous. It is hardly expected that the Texas will be able to join the flag on the Currituck rendezvous; therefore, directly the Massachusetts joins there (prior to noon of the 16th inst.) the squadron will not then awalt the Texas, but proceed to the Cape Fear rendezvous and there it is expected that the Texas will be able to go in by 6 p. m. of Tuesday, January 18, Should the Massachusetts miss the flag initiative is taken by the STRIKERS La Justice, was maltreated, and his wife at both rendezvous, or should any ship be

separated from the flag by weather or other contingencies, the next, third and final ren-dezvous will be the harbor of Dry Tortugas, where they will await the flag.
While the squalron is on the Florida

drill ground, which will include occasional anchorage in Dry Tortugas harbor, the post and telegraphic address will be Key West. The above dates for salling and rendezyour are subject to change due to the completion of repairs to vessels at New York or to heavy weather. Should the Brooklyn. Maine or other versels participate in the drills on the Florida drill grounds detailed orders will be given. It is not intended those the employers will withdraw the lock-dispersed by the police, that any of the battleships or armored out notices and thus end the great labor cruisers (except the Maine) shall enter the dispute. harbor of Key West except by special order of the commander-in-chief or in case of SICARD. Read Admiral Commanding United States

General Lee's cablegram, it is also learned, est or anxiety was manifested in it in official He added that he would not be surprised at Society of Engineers declares the announceanother outbreak. None of the disturbance, ment is untrue, free from callers and even the officeseekers he reported, had been directed against the were not on hand in their usual numbers. United States or American citizens. The cab-The first congressional caller was Senator inet discussion showed that the president, day's reports. It merely recites the en-Sewell of New Jersey, who came at 9:30 while decided not to send a war ship to Cuba o'clock. Shortly before 10:30 o'clock Repre- at present, does propose keeping one or more ing to arbitrate the question of hours of vessels within a reasonable distance of Hav-Platt of Connecticut put in an appearance, and, so that one of our ships may reach there within six hours in the event of a sudden call for its presence from General Lee.

The last news for the day from Consul General Lee came to the State department at 2 o'clock and was at once sent to the and this morning. One of these dispatches White House. It went to confirm the previous reports, and was a simple statement tary General Congosto, which says: "The by General Lee that at noon today all was quiet in Havana,

One of the dispatches received today stated there would be no objection to the presence in Hayana of Miss Clara Barton of the Naional Red Cross, the authorities being ready to extend to her the same privileges as those given to any other citizen."

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 14.-The United States steamship New York finished coaling at Sewell's Point this morning. There have been no developments and there is no movement at present among the ships.

INSULTS TO A SPANISH COLONEL.

Havana Mob Slaps His Face and Tears

His Clothing. NEW YORK, Jan. 14 .- A dispatch to the World from Tumpa, Fla., says: Among the passengers from Havana was W. L. Fulton, a cattle dealer. When the riot started in Havana he was near the first newspaper office attacked. He says the mob was led by officers of the Spanish volunteers who Marina, totally wrecking them. News of the riot reached Blanco and he sent officers from his personal staff to quell the mob. There stration against him. Words ensued an some of the volunteers slapped the colonel's face. He was then seized and his badge torn off and trampled on the ground, the crowd all the time crying, "Vive Spain." The colonel's uniform was torn off. The crowd then proceeded to the office of La Lucha, a semi-government organ, smoched its presses and threw the type into the street. El Reconcentradoes suffered the same fate a few moments later. This was all done be muse these papers favored autonomy. About three minutes before the Olivette, on which Fulton willed, left, a passenger was brought aboard who said as he was leaving he heard that an American woman had been shot dur-

STRICT CENSORSHIP ON PAPERS.

ing the riot.

Hits Both Local and Foreign Publica tions Coming in Mails. HAVANA, Jan. 14 .- A decree has been put lished prohibiting the publication in daily determining the nature of the reply to be foreign newspapers not having been previously censored. Publishers are warned that they are under military jurisdiction. Another edict will be issued forbidding the sons either in the streets or in the stores.

> HAVANA, Jan. 14 .- M. Molina, the chief of staff of the insurgent general, Majia Rodriguez, has, it is announced, surrendered to the Spanish authorities.

> General Garrardo has issued a manifesto announcing his willingness to do everything possible to bring about peace in the district of Sancti Spiritus, province of Santa Clara It is announced from Spanish sources that Lieutenant Colonel Tegon of the insurgent army has been killed.

Guarding the American Legation. MADRID, Jan. 14 .- The police precaution have been redoubled in the vicinity of the United States legation and around the residence of the United States minister, General

Stewart L. Woodford. VOTE ON THE REFERENDUM PLAN

National Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 14.-The populists ecocluded their work in this city by giving out and file of their party. The questions submitted are: "What date is your choice for holding a national convention for the nomination of presidential candidates: Monday. July 4, 1898; Friday, May 26, 1899; or Thurssimilar to the Australian ticket and will be

press. Milton Park of Texas, chairman of the na. tional organization committee, and George F. Washburn of Massachusetts, member of the national executive committee, were among the last to leave the city. Both men were highly pleased with the prospect of unification of their party, and a prospective settlement of a clamor for a new party.

A majority of the national committee has expressed itself in favor of on early conference for adjusting the differences and outlining a policy for 1900.

The leaders of the middle-of-the-road ele ment expressed themselves today as desiroue that the work of reorganization be conducted strictly within the party, so as to

Action Taken that May End the Great

Engineers' Strike.

Committee of the Allied Trades' Unions Decides to Withdraw the Demand for Forty-Eight Hours Work.

The decision of the committee of the allied Has Been Forging His Name for unions meens the withdrawal of the strikunions meens the withdrawal of the strikers' principal demand and the immediate or Naval Force on the North Atlantic Sta- early end of the struggle. The statements conflicting, as while the decision mentioned stated that while he did not see any indica- above was announced emphatically at Glas-

> The manifesto of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers issued this evening ignores togineers' contentione, and says they are willwork.

the engineering trades union of Great ladyship. Britain culminated on July 12, 1897, with a lockout by some of the large manufacturers. This was followed by the engineers calling out a large number of men until about 13,000 engineers were idle. The issue was over the engineers insisting upon eight hours work per day, overtime to count as one and a quarter time for the first two bours, and as time | ject was a fiction. and a half after that.

MORE FRIENDLY TO THE ENGLISH. Germans Suggest that a Joint Chinese

Loan Be Made. BERLIN, Jan. 14.—The press is greatly excited, in the discussion of the Chinese loan, over a joint Anglo-German loan. Since it was mooted a distinctly friendlier tone toward England has been adopted, approaching upon flattery. Prince Bismarck's saying is recalled that it would be foolishness to regard the English as fools in business matters. The papers are beginning to recognize that financial influence is far bet. ter than the occupation of a Chinese bay. While there is no more probability than hitherto that the government would guarantee a loan, the situation is encouraging to

houses for a joint loan. s now only 2 shillings per head, as agains shillings per head in India, plenty revenue thus being available

With respect to the Anglo-Russian agree ment with Corea, the East Asiatic Corre spondence says: "An agreement is probable on the basis of Russia controlling the customs, and MacLeavy Brown, for some time superintendent of customs at Seoul, succeeding Sir Robert Hart."

It is said that the emperor of China has ordered Li Hung Chang, with a large suite, to go to Tien-Tsin to welcome Prince Henry to Pekin. In official circles it is believed measures at Kiao Chau against foreign Present.

ISSUE CURRENCY BILLS IN INDIA.

the Council at Calcutta. OALCUTTA, Jan. 14.-Sir James Westand, the minister of finance, in the council today introduced a bill for the issue of currency notes in India against gold. Mr. Arthur, the paid secretary of state in London, in behalf of the banks and chambers of commerce, endorsed the measure. The finance minister said the Indian monetary market was experiencing a period of extreme stringency. The local resources, he added, were unable to supply the demands of trade. The scarcity he explained was due to the banks remitting their capital home and keeping as little as possible in India. This policy was adopted before the legislation of 1893, and was not in consequence of that legislation, but while they were advancing toward the attainment of a 16d rupee

the success mitigated against the transfer of sterling capital to India in exchange. The banks must operate upon commercial principles and no blame was attached to them. Sir James Westland denied the allegation that the government was holding money in order to force up exchanges, but the recent demands on the government have been so heavy that it had been obliged to ask the secretary of state to intermit the drawings. The amount in hand was ample to assure the controvertibility of the Indian notes Therefore, there was no risk from a currency point of view.

Captain Hendricks Adjudged Guilty. World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The case of the American schooner George W. Whitford, Captain Hendricks, which has the details for setting in motion their novel been under seizure ever since March, 1896. plan of taking a referendum vote of the rank | for alleged infractions of the customs regulations in loading a cargo at Porto Rico, has just been decided by the Colon supreme court. The court adjudges Captain Hendricks guilty in the third degree, and orders the forfeiture of the vessel and cargo, or day, February 22, 1900?" The ballots are the payment of a sum equal to their value for the benefit of the Colombian treasury polled by the local committee and populist Captain Hendricks' counsel, Dr. Varela, has taken an appeal to the Panama supreme

All Quiet in Baluchistan.

BOMBAY, Jan, 14 .- Colonel Mayne, with 250 men of the Bombay infantry, landed at Ormara, Baluchistan, on Tucsday. He found all quiet there, left fifty men, and then proceeded toward Bazobe, twenty miles north. Lieutenant Turner, who escaped after the attack on the British survey party, is reported safe.

Renew Anti-Zola Demonstrations. PARIS. Jan. 14 .- There was a renewal this evening of anti-Zola demonstrations when a band of students paraded the Boulevard St. Michels shouting "Down with Zola!" "Down join the flag first on the Currituck ren-merit the approval of the national commit- with the Jews!" The police dispersed the students, Blows were exchanged between

and descended the boulevards. The people on the omnibuses joined in the cries of the

studente on the Avenue de l'Opera, There were fresh disorders on the boule vard late this evening. M. Roser, editor of

Comte Esterhazy had a parrow escape from arrest for divulging what occurred at the court martial. He was able, however to convince the authorities that he was no responsible for the indiscretions complained

PARIS, Jan. 14 .- A number of law students LONDON, Jan. 14.-The committee of the after leaving a lecture today marched in allied trades union on the initiative of the procession to the office of the Aurore, shoutamalgamated engineers has decided to with- ing denunciations of M. Emile Zola. The draw the demand for forty-eight hours of students also made disorderly demonstrations labor per week, and the workmen's officials in front of the office of the Aurore, and were McKenna to be associate justice of the su-

TATTON SAYS HIS WIFE IS WICKED.

LONDON, Jan. 14 .- Sir Edward Clarke, Q. C., opened for the defence today in the suit of the strikers' representative, however, are of Daniel Jay to recover from Lady Sykes. wife of Sir Tatton Sykes, the sum of £15,870, loaned to the defendant on the security of tions of the resumption of the riots, yet in gow and in Manchester, where the employers notes apparently signed by her husband. view of the inflammable situation in Havana, were advised to that effect, Secretary Barnes Sir Tatton Sykes testified that the signahe believed there might be further trouble. of the London branch of the Amalgamated tures were not his. An expert in handwriting, named Englis, testified that the signaturce on the bills and letters of authority. purporting to be signed by Sir Tatton Sykes, were, in his opinion, forgeries executed by a woman.

Sir Tatton Sykes denled, generally, his wife's evidence and sald he regarded the transaction with Mr. Jay as being "wicked The dispute between the employers and and criminal conduct" on the part of her

Lawson Walton, Q. C., cross-examined Sir Tatton Sykes and showed him the checks which a Monte Carlo banker yesterday testified Sir Tatton had signed and afterward repudiated. The baronet positively denied having signed them. He further said the story of the banker (Mr. Unwin) on the sub-

"Do you suggest," asked Mr. Walton, "that Lady Sykes has been forging your name?" "I would rather not discuss the matter," replied Sir Tatton.

"When did you first ascertain that Lady Sykes had forged your signature?" counsel then asked.

"Maybe it was twelve years ago," answered the witness. "The flut forgery was for £10,000. In December, 1896, I became aware that my signature had been forged in a number of transactiona"

The case was adjourned until Monday, BETROTHAL IN THEATRICAL LIFE.

Lawrence Irving and Ethel Barry

more Are to Wed. (Copyright, 1898, by Press Publishing Company. LONDON, Jan. 14 .- (New York World German houses to associate with English Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The engagement of young Lawrence Irving and Ethel The East Asiatic Correspondence, a jour- Barrymore, though not efficially announced, had become enraged over the autonomist nal credited with intimate relations to the is confirmed tonight or inquiry at the ness anairs might be unsettled by leate of articles in the papers. They attacked the Chinese embassy, announces that after the Lycoum theater. Their terrothal took place offices of La Discussion and La Dairo de la failure of Li Hung Chang China placed the Sunday last. The wedding has not yet been loan negotiations in the hands of Sir Robert fixed, but probably it will occur in the spring. Hart, whose efforts to place a loan in Lon- Ethel Barrymore was included in the Lyceum don, secured by the salt monopoly, offers company at the direct request of Lawrence every promise of being successful. The Irving, who has been paying her attention authoritatively that up to 11 a. m. today no dispatches on this subject have been received. Spinish colonel, and as soon as he spoke paper adds that fresh taxation is being for some little time. He is deeply in love the mob recognized him and made a demon- planned in China, where the taxation rate and Miss Barrymore, seen today shopping stores, looked radiently happy. It is stated that Lawrence Irving resented strongly the rather unenthusiastic notices of Miss Barry more's acting in "Peter the Great," and it suggested that this probably brought matters to a head more rapidly than would otherwise have been the case. It is understood that Lawrence gets an allowance of \$5,000 a year from his father and now intends to ombine acting with play writing, as Pinero did in early days. Those who know him are perfectly confident that he has a big future of Prussia, now enroute, and to escort him in store. Miss Barrymore is warmly congratulated on securing possibly one of the the government will not adopt protective most eligible partners in the profession at

> MORE ABOUT SCHENCK'S DISCOVERY French Scientists Conduct Investiga

tions in the Same Field. legram-Special Telegram.)-Dr. Mathia Duval, the eminent histologist who wa quoted last Wednesday as saying that "the attitude of French doctors toward Prof. Schenek's alleged discovery is one of be

nevolent reserve," says further: "M. Cornasse, at Colombieres, has shown that he can regulate almost the production of cows so that they greatly exceed the pro duction of the other sex. He does this by regulating the time of bringing the pro genitors together-the earlier when in season the greater the probability of the off spring being female, and vice versa. The agricultural, however, is the point of view most regarded in France. ments are now being made in Pitou with view of regulating the production of males The latter is always more or less under th observation of the authorities of the Jardin d'Acolimation and the Jardin des Plantes in Paris, and possibly exact results will be at tained some day. But up to the present time exact results are wanting, and all eyes are turned toward Prof. Schenck for them."

CHANGE YUKON MINING RULES.

Government Retains Claims in Blocks OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 14,-A committee o the cabinet has drawn up new regulations regarding mining in the Yukon which make important changes. It is now stated that the COLON, Colombia, Jan. 14.—(New York alternate claim regulation has been abandoned and that the government proposes t reserve alternate blocks of ten claims, which it is thought will give miners a better op portunity to operate. The present intentio is to reserve the government blocks until they are disposed of at public auction. An other feature of the new regulations is the abandonment of the sliding scale of royalties. Instead, an even royalty of 10 per cent will be exacted from all miners.

German War Ship Disabled. PERIM, Jan. 14.—The British steamer lunera, from Southampton on December 29. for Bombay, reports having seen a German war ship in a disabled condition

The German war ships Deutschland Gefeon, under the command of Prince Henry of Prussic, are now on their way to China The last heard of them was at Port Said, where they arrived January 5 last. LONDON, Jan. 14 .- Perim, from which

place the British steamer Durena reports ondition, is on the island of that name at the entrance of the Red sea. Sultan Given an Alternative.

the Russian ambasmdor, who, it is asserted (Continued on Third Page.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 14 .- The sultan

granted an audience today to M. Ziecoveiff,

WORKMEN MAKE COMPROMISE the rioters and the officers. Later the M'KENNA NOT YET CONFIRMED THE BEE BULLETIN.

Yale's Reply Does

Stock Yards Wan

4. Editorial and Con

5. Plans for the Tea

6. Council Bluffs Lq

7. General News of

Dr. Franklin Le

8, Missouri Boom

Hour. Deg. 5 n. m..... 27

6 n. m 27

7 a. m..... 27 8 a. m..... 27

Doings of Iowa I

Business Review

9. Corn Rates to the Gulf Discussed,

Delinquent Tax of the Belt Line,

School Board and Its Wants.

11. Commercial and Financial News,

Weather Forecast for Nebraska-Threatening: Snow: Northerly Winds 1 Cuban Scare is About Ended. students. The police finally dispersed the Senate Defers Action After a Prolonged Engineers' Strike May Soon End. Hitch on McKenna's Confirmation, Discussion. Express Company 1

2. House Shuts Off Co ite.

3. News from Nebras 3 tal City. ALLEN ASKS FOR TIME TO INVESTIGATE

Senators Honr and White Criticize the Actions of the American Protective Association in Raising Religious Questions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14 .- Almost the entire four hours of the executive session of the senate were devoted to the indirect consideration of the nomination of Joseph preme court. The discussion was the result of an effort on the part of Senator Allen to secure a postponement for two weeks. In 12, "The White Cockade." the end a compromise was reached deferring consideration until a week from today, on Hour. the condition that the Nebraska senator should agree to allow a vote to be taken on that day. The Hawaiian treaty was not touched upon during the session.

9 a. m..... 28 10 a. m..... 29 The debate on Mr. McKenna's nomination was precipitated by Mr. Hoar, who called 11 n. m..... 30 up the nomination in accordance with his notice of yesterday, and aske! for immediate action. In doing this Mr. Hoar spoke briefly of the opposition to Mr. McKenna, weather bureau from Chicago announces that saying that the judiciary committee had inthe indications are favorable for a heavy vestigated most of the charges made, and snow in this entire section, covering Kanhad reached the conclusion that they were sas, Nebraska, western Missouri, western without foundation. He said that the lowe, southeast South Dakota and eastern greater number of charges had been made Colorado. by members of the American Protective association, and as they had been founded solely on the fact that KANSAS AND THE EXPOSITION. Mr. McKenna was a Catholic in religion State Board of Agriculture Endorses they had not been deemed worthy of serious consideration.

DENOUNCED BY HOAR. Mr. Hoar dwelt at some length upon this

point, excorlating any man who would attempt to inject religion into a controversy of a man's fitness for office. He said such a resentation at the Transmississippi Exposimovement was unpatriotic and should not fair-minded men.

the American Protective association to the situation, that the state legislature had while he was employed as cashler of the interfere with the course of the sen- failed to make an appropriation for an exate in giving proper attention to hibit and that whatever was done must be a question, the determination of which accomplished by individuals, associations and the search for him has been centimed should depend upon considerations of fitness | boards. The governor urged that the Board | with much vigor ever since that date. For and justice as between man and man, of Agriculture father the work which he seven months the best skill of the detectives rather than upon an appeal to bigotry, prej- has had already outlined and begun. The of the express company and of the leading udice, and a false claim of patriotism. He resolutions declare that: spoke of the American Protective association as fools who could not be properly characterized in the senate.

He had no patience, he said, with men necessarily consult the pope or some other high functionary of the Catholic church in sissippl country should participate." every important transaction of their lives. and added that he was convinced that the the work of arranging for a Kansas exhibit, American senate would not be influenced for a moment by such representations as an money, it will be able to accomplish as much order of the character of the American as it did prior to the World's fair, when, Protective association would make. Mr. in the absence of a legislatve appropria-McKenna's confirmation should depend on tion, it pushed the work of state organizadifferent considerations.

As for himself, while he did not contend satisfactory representation. that Mr. McKenna was a giant in his legal KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 14 .- (Special attainments, still he believed him to be an Telegram.)-About thirty representative bushonorable man, a competent lawyer, and a iness men, including a staff man from each just jurist and, he should support his confirmation.

ALLEN OBJECTS. It was here that Mr. Allen interposed an objection to immediate action. When his re-

quest for two weeks' delay was met with refusal he took the floor and proceeded to give his reasons for the request, which were in the main that he wanted, and he thought building in case it is decided not to erect give his reasons for the request, which were the senate should have, more time for consideration than had been given to it. He called attention to the importance of the ing a Kansas City display. office to which Mr. McKenna had been named, saying it was a place he would prob ably occupy during the remainder of his life

and the senate and the public had a right to demand that the charges should be sifted to

the bottom. He said so far as opposition of the Amer did not influence him in the least, and he agreed with all that had been said as to the impropriety of any interference in a matter preferences or predilections. There were, to his mind, far more serious charges and to prove that such was the case he read at length from letters and newspapers attacking Mr McKenna's record as an attorney and jurist on the ground of want of legal attainments. The greater part of Mr. Allen's speech was Foraker five years ago. He says that he devoted to reading these documents. He voted for the so-called Foraker candidate called especial attention to an attack made for speaker of the house at that time, but by the bar of the Pacific coast, which, he that he was not pledged to Foraker. said, was deserving of more scrutiny than had been given it. He also stated he had understood the charge had been made that large corporations had been instrumental in securing Mr. McKenna's nomination. He

into more thoroughly than the senate had had opportunity to do. Mr. Allen disclaimed any intention to father any of the charges made, but asserted that his sole purpose was to secure time for their proper investigation. He added that he himself might vote for Mr. McKenna's con firmation, but said before doing so he desired to be convinced that the assertions made derogatory to Mr. McKenna's character as a jurist were without foundation.

thought this matter also should be looked

It was 4:30 in the afternoon before an agreement was reached for concluding th McKenna matter at the sitting on next Friday and by general consent the senate post poned consideration of the Hawaiian treaty until Monday.

LUETGERT'S DEFENSE NOW BEGINS.

Cross-Examination of a State Witness Damages the Defendant.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14 .- Direct testimony on the part of the state against Adolph L. Luet gert, the alleged wife murderer, was finished today after 198 hours in court. Dr. Dorsey was the last witness and his cross-examina tion by Attorney Harmon resulted disas trously to the defense, the sausage maker' lawyer bringing out emphatic reiterations of matter material to the state's case.

When Dr. Dorsey finished Mr. Harmon objected to the introduction of all the evidence and testimony which had been offered by the state, a motion which the court overruled, and then the lawyer, after excepting, asked that the state put Louis Lueigert on the stand, his contention being that his name was on the back of the indictment. The having seen a German war ship in a disabled state's attorney, McEwen, replied that when as a lawyer he produced a witness he vouched for his truthfulness, and that as he could not vouch for the integrity of Louis Luetgert he declined to put him on the

> The court agreed with the prosecution, and then notified Mr. Harmon that he must be ready to proceed tomorrow morning,

ADAMS IN CUSTODY

Defaulting Express Company Cashier of Sioux City Taken.

HE IS CAPTURED IN PHILADELPHIA

Confesses His Crime and Returns to Face His Funishment.

MISSOURI MARSHAL HUNTS HIM DOWN

Country Thief Taker Wins Where City

Experts Had Failed.

Persistence of an Ambitious Town Official Leads to the Downfall of an Apparently Success-

ful Criminal.

HOW AN EMBEZZLER WAS OVERHAULED

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 14 .- (Special Telegram.)-George M. Adams, the absconding cashier of the American Express company, has been taken back to Sloux City, Ia. Lafayette A. Garner, superinterdent of the company at Omaha, Neb., left here with Adoms. last night and will proceed directly to Sioux

City with his prisoner. Adams was arrested here last week and was held by the police until Superintendent Garner could come from Omaha to secure him. Superiodendent Garner arrived here on Thursday morning armed with requisition papers from the governor of Iowa and on seeing Adams identified him beyond doubt. Adams broke down completely, confessed the embezzlemeet with walch he is charged and said he was quite willing to accompany the superintendent back to the place where he

was formerly employed. The crime to which Adams has pleaded for a moment receive the consideration of for all efforts in that direction. This ac- guilty is that of the embezzlement of an tion was taken after Governor Leedy had amount somewhat over \$3,000 in the aggre-Senator White also spoke of the effort of appeared before the board and explained gate from the American Express company company's office at Sloux City, Ia. Adams disappeared from Sloux City co May 29, 1897, detective agencies of the country has been "We, the members of the Kansas State employed in ferreting out the man who stole Board of Agriculture, as representatives of \$3,000 from the company in Sioux City last the agricultural interests of the state, do May. But their great skill was completely most heartly endorse and approve the baffled. The longer they worked on the case who held the opinion that Catholics must Transmississippi Exposition as a demonstra. the more remote seemed the probability of striking a clew that would lead to the arrest

of the man wanted. CAUGHT BY A MISSOURI MAN. The capture of Adams was not due to the brilliant work of the company's secret service officers or to any assistance received from the several private detective agencies at work on the case. His arrest here was due solely to the indefatigable efforts of a

country marshal in the southwestern part of Missouri. When Adams skipped out with \$3,000 of the company's money and left the cashier's desk at the Sioux City office vacant the company employed the services of the best detectives in the country to work on the case, for it is a principle with all express companies to let no embezzier escape. It was not solely for the amount that had been stolen, but as much for the moral example on the other employes, that the search for Adams was pressed so vigorously. But Adams was not to be found. Not a trace could be found in Sloux City or anywhere in that vicinity. The company's detectives and the private detectives worked hard and long, but their labors availed nothing. The descriptions of Adams that were sent to all parts of the country contained a very good

likeness of him, and it was due to the dis-

tribution of this picture that his capture

was made. One of the circulars containing Adams' Ican Protective association was concerned it saying, in reply to the threat to remove him picture fell into the hands of a Missourian who had a strong inclination for running down criminals. Most of his running down had been with the aid of bloodhounds and a "H. M. Daugherty is loud in his accusa- shotgun, but he was ambitious to do better tions against me. He calls me a traitor. I detective work. He took one of the circulars remember that five years ago Mr. Daugherty and studied Adams' picture thoroughly. Then he started off on a tour through the county to see if he could find anybody that looked like Adams. He found one fellow, and while the man was not looking snapped his concealed kodak camera on him a couple of times. The pictures were sent to the officers of the American Express company, who returned them with the statement that they were not of the man who was wanted for the Sioux City embezzlement, although the pictures did look something like those of

Adams that had been printed

HOW THE TRICK WAS TURNED But Mr. Marshal of Southwest Missouri was not discouraged. He kept up his search for Adams and finally landed his man. After a couple of further unsuccessful attempts he learned that a man resembling Adams had been boarding with some farmers in an adjoining county. He caddled his herse and started in pursuit of the next prospective Adams without delay. When he reached the place he found that the man had gone to Philadelphia, Honging about the place for some time he learned that the man had left his trunk with the farmer's family with instructions to send it whenever they should hear from him. The marshal now felt quite confident that his man would beer watching. He waited, and in the course of a few days discovered that the farmer's family had received a letter from the absent boarder requeeting that his trunk be forwarded to him in this city, in care of the Adams Express company.

The marshal secured possession of the letter and sent it to the officers of the company. Although the handwriting was in lead pencil a resemblance to the handwriting on the reports of Adams could easily be discerned. Based on the reported resemblance in personal appearance and the assumed resemblance in handwriting the conclusion to new houses being erected on Twenty-second watch the man who should call for the trunk here was reached. Detectives waited bere for some time without the auggestion of auccess. Several weeks passed and the owner injured: Lorenzo Carter, R. Warner, Thomas of the trunk did not call for it. He was evidently desirous of tiring out his warchers, Finally he put in an appearance last week and asked for the trunk. He was recognized by the company's detectives here as the man wanted and was promptly arrested. He protested that he was guilty of no wrong, and kept up an air of injured innocence for some time. On the arrival of Superintendent Carner from Omaha and his further identifica-York.
At Naples-Sailed-Ems, for New York
At Liverpool-Sailed-Nomadic, for New
York, Arrived-Petral, from Philadelphia,
At London-Arrived-Mississippi from New
York
At London-Arrived-Mississippi from New
York
In police circles here the rather peculias